03-110 Installation and centering of intermediate flange

Radial runout of intermediate flange		max. 0.10		
Tightening torques		Nm	(kpm)	
Fastening bolts for intermediate flange		50	(5)	
Waisted bolt for driven plate and flywheel	Initial torque	40	(4)	
	Final torquing angle	90-100°		
Special tool				
Dial gauge holder (2 required)	100 - 4230 Miles -		121 589 00 21 00	
Socket 27 mm, 1/2" drive to crank engine	1104- 4193	001 589 65 09 00		
/approximation////////////////////////////////////				

see illustration, job no. 3

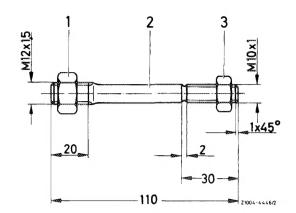
Note

Threaded stud

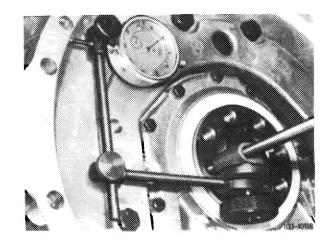
Any intermediate flange that is replaced will also have to be centered.

Installation and centering

- 1 Place intermediate flange on dowel pins in crankcase.
- 2 Moderately tighten flur fastening bolts.
- 3 Screw threaded stud (shop-made) into crankshaft and secure with hexagon nut.



- 4 Attach dial gauge holder and dial gauge to threaded stud.
- 5 Position sensing pin against outside diameter of round centering section.



View illustrating engine 116

6 Using tool combination, turn crankshaft and measure radial runout. This must not exceed 0.10 mm.

Note: While turning crankshaft make sure that dial gauge does not stick.

7 Correct radial runout by gently tapping intermediate flange.



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8 Tighten fastening bolts.

Note: Remove intermediate flange if radial runout exceeds 0.10 mm.

- 9 Bore both body-fit holes in intermediate flange to 12.1 mm.
- 10 Repeat operations 1-7.